



WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 25, 1910

The scenes in the Young People's Building yesterday afternoon were impressive. The number of Confederate Veterans was few compared with the many who at one time gathered on the 24th day of May to do honor to their dead comrades and to participate in a programme which brought to mind the issues for which many died and many others suffered so much. The survivors, whose locks have been whitened by the snows of many winters, are gradually becoming as wretches scattered here and there in a clearing, but they continue to respond to the assembly call, regardless of the weather, on each twenty-fourth day of May, a day which reproduces in their minds the most thrilling scenes in their lives. In the audience yesterday were many members of the younger generation some of them grandchildren of the former wearers of the gray. They of course were learning at the feet of their elders. But to the older element, contemporaries of the veterans, every feature of the service was clothed with interest and brought to mind the issues which culminated in civil war. The survivors of the Army of Northern Virginia with their many comrades have for years endeavored to teach the children of the south, through impartial history, the principles for which the south contended, principles never relinquished, though like trash crushed to the earth. Old Alexandria has in the years following the close of the war undergone transitions, generation crowding generation from the theatre of life and new faces are continually appearing in our midst, but the recollections of the lost cause and the part played by the gallant ones of our city with the thousands throughout the south against the overwhelming odds which confronted them are brought to mind on Memorial Day. May the spirit of the anniversary continue to animate old and young alike.

Investigation by a sub-committee of the Senate judiciary committee of the latest Alaskan scandal produced startling revelations in Washington yesterday of the power and the methods of the Morgan-Guggenheim combinations, and some serious charges against federal officers in the territory, as creatures of the combination. The proceedings yesterday were secret, but an effort will be made to have them thrown open to the public, or to have the testimony published immediately. The secrecy is due to Senator Nelson, chairman of the sub-committee, who is also chairman of the Ballinger investigating committee.

At the election in November the people of Virginia will be called upon to vote upon three proposed changes in the organic law of the state. The first proposes to extend the length of the legislative sessions from 60 days to 90 days. The second would reduce the number of readings through which every bill must pass. The third amendment provides for the election of city and county treasurers and commissioners of revenue by popular vote. The last named amendment is all right and proper, but the first two named should be voted down by an overwhelming majority.

It is now said that the Ballinger investigation will cost the government \$85,000. The appointment of Mr. Ballinger to a Cabinet position was a bad days work and has reflected no credit upon Mr. Taft who seems determined to stand by his secretary despite what has been brought out in evidence against him.

From Washington.

Washington, May 25.—Representative Fowler, of New Jersey, formerly chairman of the committee on banking and currency, announced today that he will stay away from tonight's republican caucus on Postal Savings Banks. He declares that there is no reason for legislating in a caucus and that the bill adopted will be framed by the enemies not by the friends of legislation. The president has reached a tentative decision to make a trip to Panama to inspect the canal next November, probably after the fall elections. It became apparent today that "Canzonism" will be one of the big issues in next fall's congressional campaign. A powerful wing of the House progressives—the "conservatives"—today determined not to attempt to oust Mr. Cannon this session, however, but to save him as an issue for their fight for re-election this fall. Captain Meitz, commandant of the naval station at Cavite and Olongapo, telegraphed the Navy Department today that he expected to have the dry-dock Dewey float again within three weeks. He reports in his dispatch, which was received today, that one end is 9 feet out of water and the other 1 foot. He has been unable, as yet, to discover the cause of the accident. So far as is known at the department it is not believed that the sinking of the Dewey will interfere materially with work in progress at the naval stations in the Philippines. Despite the noncommittal attitude of the officers of the bureau of ordnance, there is a well defined notion about the

Navy Department that the ram Katabdin which was used as a target in ordnance experiments at Indian Head a few days ago, is now resting on the bottom of the Potomac. After repeatedly denying that it had any knowledge of the Katabdin the Bureau of Ordnance today issued the following official statement: "In ordnance the Katabdin experiment with large calibre guns one of the 12 inch projectiles struck an unarmored part of the ship slightly below the water line and let in water so that she settled on the bottom. The Katabdin was purposely in shallow water. The work of raising the vessel is now under way."

Charges that the Guggenheimer interest in Alaska include not only a gigantic absorption of natural resources in the territory but extend to the control of government, are being considered behind the closed and locked doors of a Senate committee room. The case involves the summary removal of office of U. S. Attorney John J. Boyce and U. S. Marshal Daniel A. Sutherland.

A unique event in the history of National capital will occur tomorrow when Governor Sanders, the entire legislature of Louisiana, the Mayor of New Orleans, Mayors of southern cities will arrive by special train to urge Congress to select New Orleans as the place to celebrate the opening of the Panama canal. They will press their claims on the president and Congress.

A bill to pay Col. Robert E. Lee, Jr., administration de bonis non of the estate of George Washington, \$300,100 was introduced in the Senate by Mr. Martin, today. It is in settlement of a claim for a grant in Ohio given to Washington the lands in which were afterward taken and sold by the governor.

An amendment to protect the interests of toll producers in California will be inserted in the Senate bill authorizing the president to withdraw public lands from entry. Senator Smith was directed by the Senate committee on public lands today to draft an amendment that will preserve the rights of toll men.

The April immigration bulletin, just issued shows that during the month 135,033 aliens were admitted to this country. This brings the total for this fiscal year, with still two months to run up to 803,001, or 52,000 more than during the entire year ending June 30, 1909.

Sixty-first Congress.
SENATE
When the Senate convened at 11 o'clock today to get an early start on the railroad bill, eight Senators appeared. The entire democratic side was vacant. The only morning business was a bill introduced by Senator Clapp.

Senator Hale called attention to the "alacrity which the Senate returned to the 11 o'clock hour of meeting and the equal alacrity with which Senators remained away" and demand a quorum.

A resolution offered by Senator Beveridge was adopted by the Senate today directing the secretary of commerce and labor to transmit a report on the investigation into the physical, moral and industrial welfare of women and children employed in various pursuits. The inquiry was ordered on January 29, 1907.

Railroad transportation even controls the country itself, declared Senator La Follette, today in a speech favoring the Cummins amendment to the railroad bill making the increase of rates subject to the approval of the interstate commerce commission. To make monopoly oppress the people and prevent monopoly from oppressing the people, said Mr. La Follette, "is the highest obligation of the government to the people and will so continue until proper legislation for the control of monopolies has been enacted. The power of regulation must be co-equal with the power of abuse."

La Follette contended that present freight rates are too high and that the present bill provides no measure by which the commission can determine the reasonableness of any rate. He argued in favor of the valuation of railroad property as a basis for freight rates.

At the suggestion of Senator Gallinger the railroad bill was laid aside for thirty minutes to afford Mr. La Follette an opportunity to obtain luncheon.

A recess was not taken and the calendar was considered during the interim.

House.
The House this afternoon passed the bill introduced by Delegate Wickersham appropriating \$12,500 each for two detention hospitals at Fairbanks and Nome, Alaska, for insane.

Wrangle Over Persia.
St. Petersburg, May 25.—The recent grant by Persia to the German firm of Huchermann and Mossig of the right to establish regular navigation on Lake Urmiah has developed such a diplomatic tangle that today the Anglo-Russian agreement for the exclusion of other powers from rich concessions in Persia is in danger of collapse. Germany is determined to checkmate Russia and England in their plan to control Persian affairs, and has taken such a firm stand in the Huchermann and Mossig concession that Russia is afraid to order the cancellation of the concession. To permit the concession to stand, however, presents just as serious a menace. The foreign office is trying to adjust matters through correspondence with the German Foreign Office, but the latter is in no conciliatory mood. It is feared here that Germany will follow up the Lake Urmiah concession by demanding railway rights in Persia, which if granted would be fatal to Russia's plan for supervising, with England's aid, the internal affairs of the shah's country.

Spanish Premier's Problem.
Madrid, May 25.—Premier Canalejas is today facing the hardest problem of his political career in his attempt to frame a budget for Spain that will ally popular discontent and at the same time not antagonize King Alfonso and the church. He hopes to transfer much of the weight of taxation from the poor to the rich without placing any of the burden upon clerical establishments.

The general opinion is that the plan is impossible because the church owns more property than any other single interest in Spain, while the rich, more than in any other country, have their capital invested abroad where tax collectors cannot reach it. The nation's ablest financiers say that conditions in Spain can never be materially benefited so long as the clerical establishments, wholly unburdened by taxation, are permitted to compete with private enterprises, which are taxed to the maximum.

Dr. Cook's Whereabouts.
New York, May 25.—Captain Bradley S. Osborn, secretary of the Arctic Club, and closest friend of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, declared today that Dr. Cook was in Europe, declaring he had not been in the United States for many months, and that he will return in October with positive proofs of his discovery of the pole.

The Plot Against Alfonso.
Barcelona, May 25.—All doubts as to the existence of a plot against the life of King Alfonso were removed today by an official statement in "Land and Liberty," an anarchist newspaper, that the recent bomb outrages, including that in Madrid Monday, were arranged by anarchists. The editor of the paper is under arrest.

The boldness of the editor in admitting the plot is considered indicative of a speedy revolutionary outbreak. This city is the hot bed of anarchists, and several demonstrations against the government were held today.

Reinforcements for the local barracks are arriving and every precaution is being taken to prevent a repetition of the outbreak of last summer when hundreds of revolutionists were killed.

Madrid, May 25.—The guard about King Alfonso's palace was doubled today as a result of information obtained by the police of the existence of a formidable anarchist plot against the king. A search of the rooms of Jose Tobarrelli, the anarchist killed Monday by the premature explosion of a bomb, revealed the plot.

Tobarrelli, known also as Ollomayor, was an active member of a band of conspirators, whom the police are now trying to run down. The police believe that Tobarrelli was the first one chosen to attempt the king's assassination and that, having failed, others of the band will now be chosen by lot.

The king's ministers have warned him not to appear in public unless under public guard.

Trouble in China.
London, May 25.—Messrs. J. received today by the London headquarters of general missionary societies in China say that anti-foreign demonstrations throughout China are increasing and that a widespread outbreak before autumn is inevitable.

The situation is so serious that the heads of the missionary movement are considering the advisability of abandoning their remote missions and concentrating near the coast, where foreign ships can protect them. The latest on breaks reported are at Chuan-Chia, a short distance northwest of Chang-sha, where there was serious trouble a month ago, and at Y. Yang. At the latter place the trouble is more local than anti-foreign and the houses of many of the natives have been burned.

Missionaries report that no dependence can be placed in the Chinese troops, as they usually join the rioters whom they are sent to suppress.

Wants Sunday Baseball.
Boston, Mass., May 25.—Staid old Puritan Boston gasped here today when announcement was made by Mayor Fitzgerald that hereafter he will stand daily for Sunday baseball and kindred amusements. Mayor Fitzgerald said he would submit a bill to the legislature making Sunday baseball legal, and predicted that next summer the schedules of the big leagues would be formed on that basis, as far as Boston is concerned.

Cannon's Name Hissed.
Atlantic City, N. J., May 25.—The unpopularity of Speaker Cannon with the members in attendance upon the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church was forcibly portended today when the mention of his name during a debate on the temperance question caused a chorus of hisses, an occurrence almost unprecedented on the floor of the body.

The Rumsey-Harriman Wedding.
New York, May 25.—The wedding of Miss Mary Harriman, daughter of the late E. H. Harriman, and heiress to a large share in one of the greatest American fortunes, to Charles Cary Rumsey, of Buffalo, N. Y., artist and sculptor, will take place tomorrow in the Episcopal Chapel at Arden.

Fierce Engagement.
Biafield, Nicaragua, via wireless to Oton, May 25.—Fighting to the last ditch, the Estrada army is today fast flag with the Madrid forces in an effort to save Biafield and prevent the capture of the customs house on the bluff, the gate to the port.

New Monoplane.
Laon, France, May 25.—A new monoplane, with the tail in front and the propeller behind is soon to have its first trip, and its builders, De Pource and Depersia, already have visions of revolutionizing aerial navigation. The machine will present still another novelty in that its wings can be moved back and forth on the frame.

Another Balloon Tragedy.
Berlin, May 25.—Another addition to the long list of balloon tragedies in Germany was indicated today by the passage of an empty balloon over Treves. It was probably the "Fulda," which ascended at Cologne yesterday with two men aboard, who, it is feared, have lost their lives. The country for miles around Cologne is being searched.

Found Guilty.
Pittsburg May 25.—Charles E. Mullin, on trial for misapplying the funds of the Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank of Mount Pleasant, and E. B. Steinman, accused of aiding him, were today found guilty by a jury in the federal district court. Mullin was the bank cashier. Steinman was a promoter.

Mrs. Roosevelt Visits Queen Mother.
London, May 25.—Upon invitation of thirteen mother, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt today visited the widowed queen of Buckingham Palace. Alexandra received Mrs. Roosevelt with extreme cordiality. The call lasted for an hour. Tomorrow the University of Cambridge will confer an honorary degree upon former President Roosevelt.

Hotel Destroyed by Fire.
Plattsburg, N. Y., May 25.—The Hotel Champlain, located at Bull Point, one of the most noted summer resorts in northern New York, was destroyed by fire today. The hotel was being renovated for the coming season and there were no guests in it. The sixty employees in the building managed to escape with the exception of an electrician named Herbert, who has not been seen since the fire and is believed to have been burned to death. The hotel was valued at \$1,500,000.

Thomas R. Paxton, assistant postmaster at Covington, was released on \$1,000 bail for the September term of the federal court at Lynchburg, on a charge of using postoffice funds for his own use.

City Council.

A protracted meeting of the City Council was held last night. In the lower board the annual appropriation and the revenue bills were passed and laid over under the law in the upper board. Resolution for the extension of the city limits and the extension of the cable power light being furnished the city were introduced.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.
The tax bill, received from the Common Council at the last meeting was read the second and third times and passed.

The license law and the appropriation bill were also received from the lower board and laid over under the rules.

The board concurred in the action of the Common Council without discussion on all the papers sent in.

COMMON COUNCIL.
Council was called to order at 8:05 o'clock with 14 members present.

Each member, desk was "A statement of extra appropriations made during year 1909 10 and estimated receipts and appropriations 1910 11. The largest of the extra appropriations were cleaning streets \$1,200, streets and sewers \$4,000, public property \$2,350, fire department \$1,650, and schools \$1,000.

Among the estimated expenditures for the coming year are: Cleaning streets \$5,500, electric lights \$6,000, streets and sewers \$15,500, interest on bonds \$31,000, sinking fund \$8,200. The main items of the estimated income are, tax \$97,500, licenses \$17,500, gas works \$18,000.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A letter was read from State Auditor Maye stating that Alexandria's portion of the salary of the judge of the Circuit Court was \$358.55 and the City Court judge, \$1,250, and that these amounts must, in accordance with the law, be paid into the city treasury before December 1, 1910. This was referred to the committee on finance.

A petition from employees of the fire department asking an increase of \$5 per month in their pay, referred to the finance committee last month, was returned by this committee with the recommendation that an increase of \$2.50 per man per month be made after June 1, 1910.

Mr. Birrell thought the \$5 asked should be allowed and moved that this be done.

Mr. Burke said the committee had gone over the matter very carefully and that so many calls were made on the city's funds that every call could not be satisfied.

Mr. Birrell complimented the finance committee for their thorough work, but believed the \$5 increase should be allowed.

Mr. Uhler agreed with Mr. Birrell and spoke in complimentary terms of these seven employees, saying the increase would be \$420 a year.

Mr. Leadbeater seconded Mr. Birrell's motion, which was carried.

On roll call the report as amended was carried unanimously.

The appropriation bill was reported favorably, read and passed. Mr. Burke explaining the items where increases were made as follows:

Salaries, \$455; schools, \$8,000; fire department, \$900; public property, \$2,100. The total appropriations for the year are fixed at \$135,400 as against \$132,000 last year.

During the reading of the appropriation bill Mr. Uhler commented on the increased appropriation just mentioned for the fire department, saying, this had been commented on, yet \$300 was spent on the bill west of the city for a trial with no hope or expectation of benefit or return. He said he had tried to get a lawyer in the city to test the legality of appropriating this \$300 but could get no one who was willing to take the case.

Mr. Birrell thought the appropriation for the fund for Associated Charities amounting to \$1,250 was too great. The city was taking care of more people at the Almshouse than formerly and the amount for charities should be cut down. Mr. Burke said this amount at one time was \$2,250 and the ladies in charge of this fund would spend nothing unless it was necessary. Mr. Monroe did not believe any of this money not needed would be spent. The item was left unchanged.

The license bill was reported favorably and read.

The wholesale liquor dealers license was read and passed. It was increased from \$120 to \$150.

The retail license was raised from \$125 to \$150.

The retail shippers' license was put at \$200.

The hotel license was raised from \$150 to \$195.

The malt liquor dealers from \$50 to \$75.

The licenses on breweries was raised from \$50 to \$100.

The license on street peddlers was raised to \$3 per day or \$15 per week.

The tax on automobiles caused some discussion, some members thinking it should apply to all automobiles, but the section was not changed and provides a license of \$10 shall be paid on each automobile kept for hire. It was explained that private autos were taxed as personal property.

The ordinance provides for the collection of the licenses and carries the usual penalties.

Mr. Smith offered an amendment to the sections fixing the license on liquor dealers, so as to make these charges those of last year. He thought that this was not an opportune time for the increase of this tax as the liquor dealers have already paid the increased state tax.

Mr. Leadbeater reminded Council that this was the same argument brought forward last year and he thought \$25 was a very reasonable increase.

Mr. Birrell spoke in favor of Mr. Smith's amendment making the tax the same as last year's figure.

Mr. Marshall thought the increase should not be made, as it was unfair to the liquor dealers and would tend to drive the dealers out of Alexandria, as they could go into Washington or Maryland and conduct their business under a lower license cost.

Mr. Spinks opposed any increase in these licenses; if the business was immoral stop it by law; but don't try to tax it out of existence.

Meers, Burke and Leadbeater thought the higher licenses were because taxes were usually high on luxuries.

Mr. Burke called attention to Roanoke with a license of from \$300 to \$500, Staunton, \$750 and \$1,000; Colpeper, \$1,000. He said that the committee did not intend to make the tax prohibitive, when they increased it \$25. He intimated that if the income derived from

the liquor business was sufficiently large it might tend to stop adverse legislation against the business in this city and would be to the dealers interest.

Mr. Snoden took the floor (Mr. Uhler in the chair) and spoke in opposition to the increase, saying the state had increased the liquor license very greatly and he thought unjustly. He thought it strange that an increase in the license taxes should only apply to liquor dealers, among whom he believed were many good and charitable men.

Mr. Leadbeater suggested that all licenses be raised 10 percent; this would give about the same increase in income.

Mr. Snouden opposed this without consideration. On demand of Mr. Leadbeater a recorded vote was taken.

Meers, Uhler, Harrison, Leadbeater and Burke voting against the amendment offered by Mr. Smith to fix the tax at the present figure and the other ten members voting for it. The liquor license will therefore not be increased.

Mr. Birrell moved that the license on peddlers be increased to \$5 per day or \$25 per week, and this was adopted.

On Mr. Birrell's suggestion the tax on sale of bankrupt, fire or auction stock brought into the city was increased from \$10 to \$15.

The bill was then passed ayes 14, noes 0.

On recommendation of the street committee H. T. White was granted permission to build a frame house on Pendleton street, near Patrick, and Miss Hattie Hamersley was also granted permission to build a frame addition to 206 south Patrick street.

On recommendation of the same committee \$625 was appropriated to improve gutters on Wilkes street, from Alfred to Henry, and on Henry street, from Wilkes to Gibbon.

Mr. Leadbeater spoke in favor of this work.

Mr. Uhler opposed that part of the appropriation providing for the repairs of the gutters on the north side of Wilkes street as many other gutters in that neighborhood were in much greater need of repairs.

Mr. Uhler did not oppose all of this work, that on Henry street, in his opinion was needed but that on the north side of Wilkes street was not needed.

Mr. Harrison asked how much the Southern Railway would pay toward this improvement as a good deal of the work was alongside of the railway's property.

Mr. Harrison opposed the appropriation and urged repairs in neighborhoods where they were more needed.

Mr. Marshall favored it.

The appropriation was made.

Bills from several grocery men amounting to \$88 sent in by the health officer were referred.

Mr. Spinks offered a resolution providing for a special committee to investigate and report a suitable line of action on the part of the city looking to the fulfilling of the franchise of the Alexandria Electric Company in the matter of lighting the streets.

Mr. Spinks spoke in favor of this investigation giving a return of the lighting of the city under the present franchise.

Mr. Brumback concurred in what Mr. Spinks said. He was reliably informed that the city was getting \$800 to 1,200 candle power per light instead of the 2,000 contracted for.

Mr. Uhler did not oppose in any way the appointment of this committee.

Mr. Weller of the Electric Company he said had told him (Mr. Uhler) that his company would gladly pay any expert the city might select to inspect the conditions here and report on them.

Mr. Spinks had several authorities and text books on the subject of arc street lighting, and read copiously from them. He said the electric company had come here in the first place with the deliberate intention of robbing the city.

Mr. Harrison moved the adoption of the resolution.

The chair said the adoption of this resolution practically took the matter of street lighting from the hands of the committee on light, but council had the right to do as it chose in the matter.

The resolution was adopted and the chair appointed Messrs. Spinks, Uhler and Harrison as members of the special committee.

Mr. Smith introduced a resolution providing for a special committee of four to fix on such boundaries as may be best for the extension of the city's limit.

The chair stated that the regular council would be to refer the matter to the proper committee for a report to council.

Mr. Smith asked its immediate passage, and this was done.

The chair appointed Messrs. Smith and Uhler members of the committee.

Mr. Brumback introduced an ordinance making it compulsory on the part of property owners to tap sewers, which was referred to the committee on streets.

Mr. Hellmuth offered a resolution providing that the cleaning of streets and alleys be done in future by contract instead of by the city. This was also referred to the street committee.

A resolution was presented by the finance committee directing that council be empowered to borrow \$5,000 to pay an overdraft for the fiscal year ending May 31, 1910. This was referred to the finance committee, and a special meeting of council will be held Thursday night to act on the matter.

Several ordinances were introduced and referred without comment, among them a petition from property owners for the paving with vitrified brick of the square on Duke street between Royal and Fairfax streets.

The Woman's Auxiliary and R. E. Lee Camp, Confederate Veterans, asked that the city place curb in front of 806 Prince street and this went to the committee on streets.

On the recommendation of the committee on public property and finance \$110 was appropriated for a new dial on the west side of the town clock.

It was decided that when council adjourned it be to meet Thursday, May 26. Council then adjourned at 10:45.

Keel of Battleship Laid.
Quincy, Mass., May 25.—The keel of the Argentine, the biggest battleship in the world and which will cost the Argentine government \$9,000,000, was laid at the Fore River Shipbuilding Company's yards here today, the anniversary of the South American republic's independence.

John D. Rockefeller would go broke if he should spend his entire income trying to prepare a better medicine than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is simply impossible, and so every one that has used it. Sold by W. F. O'Neil and Co., and Richard Gibson.

Official.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Alexandria, Va., held May 24, 1910, there were present: J. R. N. Curran, Mayor, President, and Messrs. Hill, Brill, Marbury, Ballenger, Field, Fitzgerald and Summers.

An act to appropriate a part of the city revenue for the fiscal year ending May 31, 1911, was received from the Common Council and laid over.

An ordinance for imposing and collecting taxes on persons, property, incomes, etc., within the city of Alexandria, Va., for the year commencing on the 1st day of June, 1910, and ending May 31, 1911, received from the Common Council May 10, 1910, was read the second and third times and passed.

Mr. Field, from the joint Committee on Finance and Public Property, reported in favor of appropriating \$110 for new dials for the town clock. The report was adopted.

An ordinance for imposing and collecting licenses within the city of Alexandria, Va., for the year commencing June 1, 1910, and ending May 31, 1911, was received from the Common Council and laid over.

The following were received from the Common Council and their action concurred in: An amended report of the Finance Committee increasing the pay of employees of the first department of the city from \$1.00 to \$1.25 per month.

Report of the Committee on Streets granting the petition of H. T. White for permission to erect a frame house at 1012 Pendleton street.

Report of the same committee granting the petition of Hattie R. Hamersley to erect a two-story front and a kitchen at 206 south Patrick street.

Resolution of the Committee on Streets recommending an appropriation of \$625 for gutters on Wilkes street and south Henry street.

Rolls of the Health Department, amounting to \$58.50.

Resolution appointing a special committee of five from the Board of Aldermen and three from the Common Council to report to said board what action Council shall take against the Alexandria Electric Company for not carrying out its contract with the city.

(Messrs. Marbury and Hill were appointed on the part of the Aldermen.)

Preamble and resolution providing for the appointment of two members of the Board of Aldermen and two from the Common Council to take measures looking to the annexation by the city of Alexandria of certain unincorporated territory.

(Messrs. Ballenger and Fitzgerald were appointed on the part of the Board of Aldermen.)

Petition of the Woman's Auxiliary to R. E. Lee Camp of Confederate Veterans for new building and gutters in front of the Confederate Veterans' building on Prince street, near Columbus.

An ordinance to amend and re-enact an ordinance entitled "An ordinance fixing the compensation of the commissioner of the revenue."

Communication from Morton Mayr, Auditor of Public Accounts of Virginia, in reference to the salary of judges of circuit courts.

An ordinance compelling all persons, firms and corporations owning property on streets and alleys wherein public sewers have been or shall hereafter be constructed to connect and tap the same; also providing penalty for